

# EVOLUTION OF THE EU



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# HISTORY: WHY EU?

“For centuries, neighbouring countries were seen as potential enemies against whom it was necessary to be on one’s guard and ready to fight” (Altiero Spinelli, 1985).

There would be no peace in Europe if countries “reestablished themselves on the basis of national sovereignty by way of prestige politics and economic protectionism” ... instead, ...“must form a federation... which will make them a single economic entity” (Jean Monnet, 1943).



<http://cq-cq.eu/pf45.htm>

# KEY PLAYERS IN THE EVOLUTION OF EUROPEAN INTEGRATION



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[http://tesi.cab.unipd.it/57181/1/Anthony\\_Dimitri\\_Avigliano\\_Policastro\\_2017.pdf](http://tesi.cab.unipd.it/57181/1/Anthony_Dimitri_Avigliano_Policastro_2017.pdf)

- ✓ Widening vs. deepening
- ✓ Intergovernmentalism vs. supranationalism

1952 – ECSC

1958 – EEC & Euratom

1973 – 1<sup>st</sup> (Northern) enlargement

1975 – European Council

1979 – direct EP elections

1980s – 2<sup>nd</sup> (Mediterranean) enlargement

1985 – Schengen Agreement

1987 – SEA

1990 – German reunification

1993 – Maastricht Treaty

1995 – 3<sup>rd</sup> (Neutrals/EFTA) enlargement

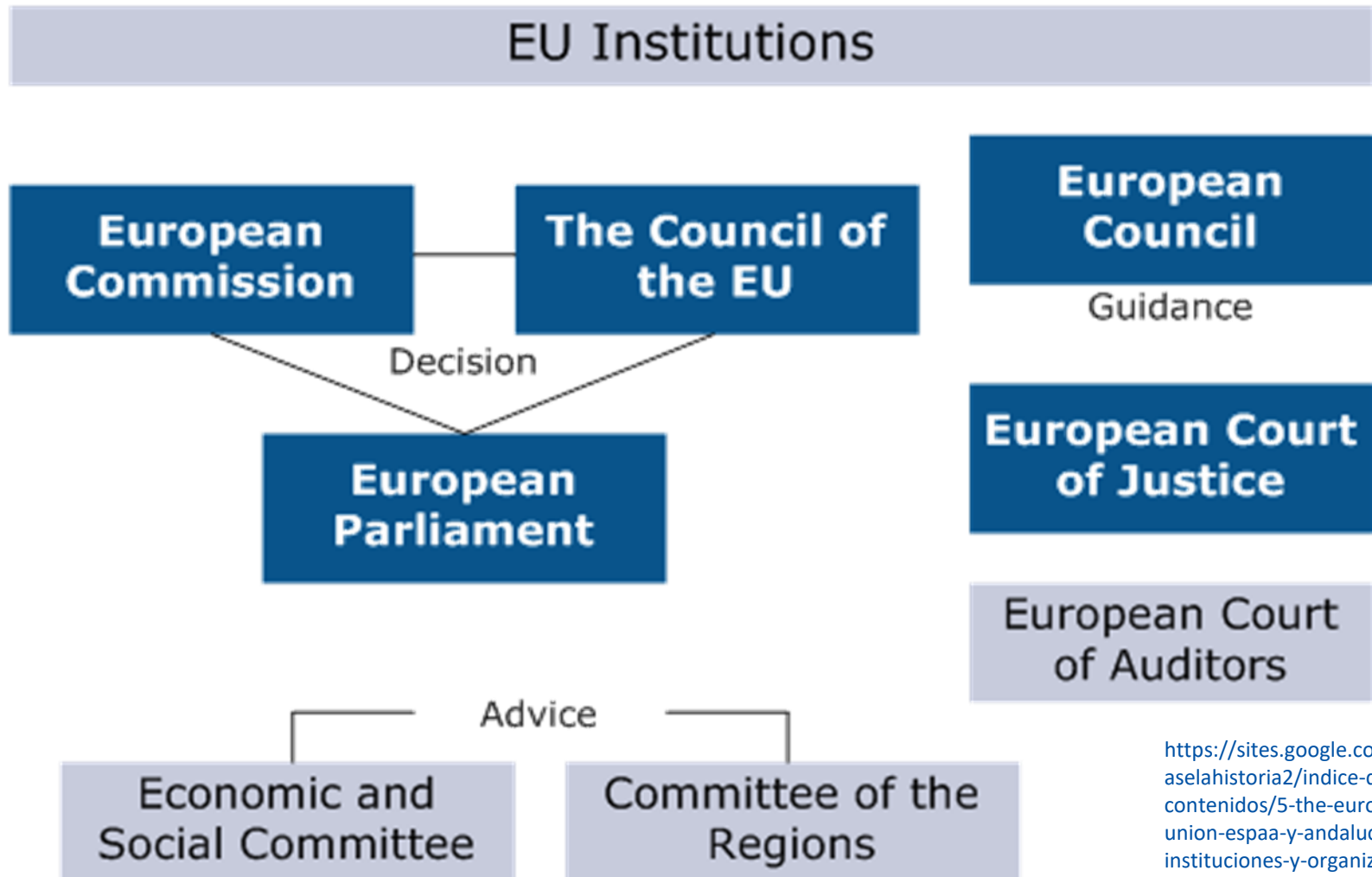
1990s – EMU, CFSP, JHA

2000s – 4<sup>th</sup> (Eastern) enlargement

2009 – Lisbon Treaty

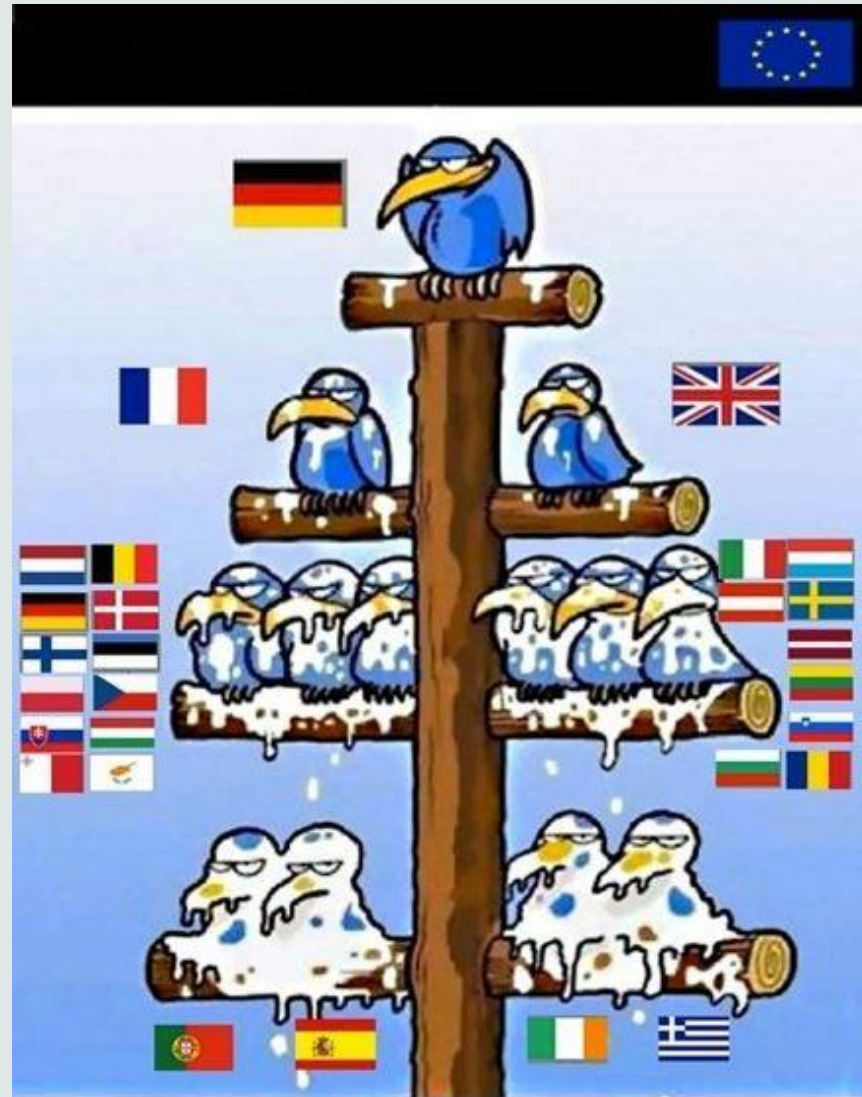


# STRUCTURE OF THE EU

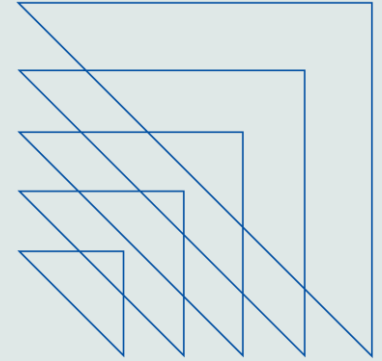
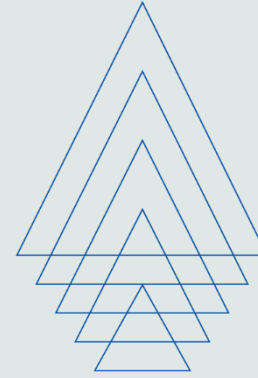
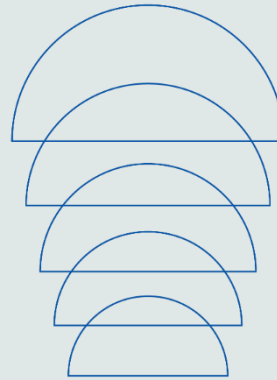
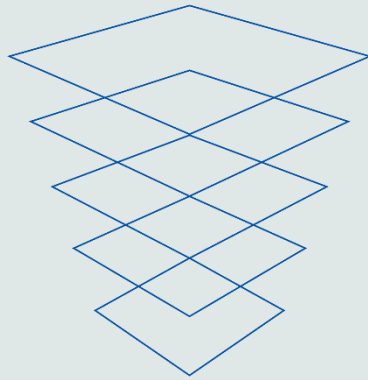
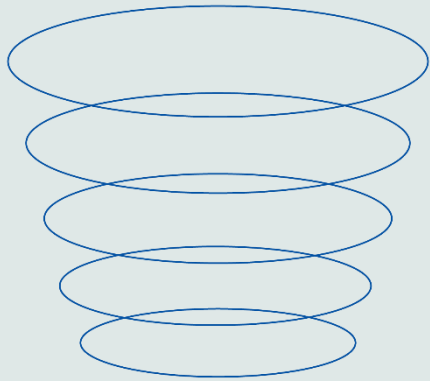


<https://sites.google.com/site/eraselahistoria2/indice-de-contenidos/5-the-european-union-espaa-y-andalucia-instituciones-y-organizacin-territorial/2-the-eu-institutions?tmpl=%2Fsystem%2Fapp%2Ftemplates%2Fprint%2F&showPrintDialog=1>

# POLITICS OF THE EU



<https://rainy.ws/2014/04/09/eu-4-5-patch-notes/>



# Q & A